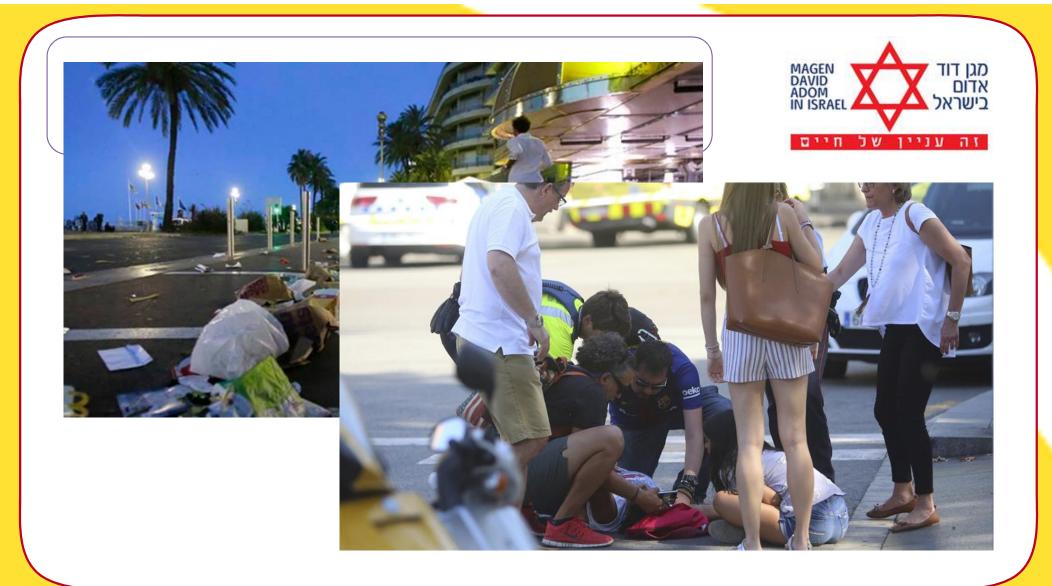
Health Care in Danger An International perspective

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No Fear project





- Scattered and complex chain of actors in security-related incidents: EMS, hospital staff, police, firemen, citizens
- Fear of new threats: terrorism, armed conflicts, dirty weapons, new infectious diseases
- Lack of communication between practitioners and suppliers: suppliers are not aware of the specific needs of practitioners, practitioners are not aware of new products and innovation
- No common methodologies and standardized actions



No Fear project





Acute care of the patient

- § Care in hospital and pre-hospital setting
- § Continuity of care between EMS and receiving hospitals
- § Psychological support

Acute care operations in security related incidents

- § Preparedness, planning and coordination with the authorities before the incident
- § Calling, activation of system, scene management and on-site coordination
- § Transportation and coordination with treatment facilities

Training and education of personnel and volunteers

- § Innovative curricula and training methodologies
- § New simulation tools in pre- and in-hospital preparedness and response
- § Inclusion of pre-hospital care, disaster and emergency medicine in medical and nursing schools



Main issues observed – 1 The role of bystanders



- They are the "true" first responders
- Legal and moral framework
- Training of "organized responders"
- Specific needs









This project has received unding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 programme, under

Main issues observed – 2 Is the "scene safe"?

- Can we really control the scene?
 Most probably NO
- Need to shift from:
 - is the scene safe, to
 - WHAT MAKES THE SCENE UNSAFE?











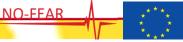


Main issues observed – 3 Ballistics PPE

- What are we protecting against (mission definition) [not "tactical EMS"]
- EMS don't understand the specifics, thus might create a false sense of safety
- Not designed for "gentle" type of EMS work
- Not size / gender adjusted
- Public perception / duty of care of our personnel (civil unrest)









Main issues observed – 4 COVID 19

- Aggression against personnel treating COVID 19
- Access to health care
- Access to PPE / vaccines
- Safety of personnel
- Impact on the personnel using PPE
- The importance of international cooperation and experience sharing







This project has received unding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 per gramme, under grant agreement no. 786670

בשנה הזאת אנחנו מלאי



Thank you

Stay safe.

Take good care

Of yourself, yours

And your team

למרות שמבצע החיסונים נמשך חייבים לשמור על כללי ההתנהגות החשובים:







המנעו מהתקהלויות

השתמשו במסיכה









EU support for research and practices in protection of healthcare



Eurasia Region Health Care in Danger Meeting

3-4 February 2021

Reka Dobri

Team Leader

ECHO.C.1 - Humanitarian Aid Thematic Policies Directorate General for Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Operations (DG ECHO) – European Commission



Why and how we act

- To provide assistance and relief and protection for people in third countries victims of natural or man-made disasters.
- Encourage cooperation between Member States for preventing and protecting against natural or man-made disasters.
- Partnership with ICRC, IFRC & EU National Red Cross Societies





Commitment to protect healthcare in humanitarian crises

"Attacks against humanitarian workers and volunteers as well as medical personnel or patients in situations of armed conflicts are to be resolutely condemned, as they constitute violations of international law and reduce humanitarian access to populations in vulnerable situations.

- 1. Training on IHL & on rights and responsibilities of humanitarian and healthcare personnel
- 2. Awareness-raising and trust-building to ensure respect for principled humanitarian action
- 3. Support States and non-state actors to enhance the physical safety of medical personnel
- 4. Collection and analysis of data on attacks against medical workers and infrastructure

LET'S HONOUR
THOSE
WOUNDED
WHILE DOING
THEIR JOB

MORE THAN 3 HUMANITARIAN WORKERS WERE ATTACKED AND WOUNDED EVERY WEEK IN 2013.

oc. suropa sulfecho oc. humanitarian aid qu. scho WORLD HUMANITARIAN DAY

 –EU/EUM/EU RCNS pledge - 33rd International Conference of the Red Cross and Red Crescent



Cooperation on the protection of healthcare in multilateral fora

- UN General Assembly resolution on safety and security of humanitarian personnel and protection of UN personnel
- Upcoming Discussion Series with UN Member States on "Ensuring the protection, safety, and security of humanitarian workers and medical personnel in armed conflicts" - March 2021
- Key challenges to address:
 - 1. Monitoring the safety and security of humanitarian personnel
 - 2. Security risk management practices
 - 3. Preventing and countering the criminalisation of humanitarian work and preserving the humanitarian space
 - 4. Strengthening accountability in the fight against impunity for attacks



Humanitarian & Donor Coordination

- Humanitarian Liaison Working Group & EU Platform on the Protection of Healthcare in Armed Conflict
- Good Humanitarian Donorship (GHD) initiative - cochairmanship EU/DG ECHO – Switzerland, 2018-2021



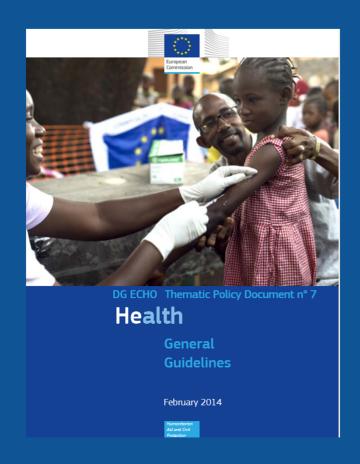


Supporting training, research and operational initiatives

- Funding IHL dissemination to military/security forces and armed non-state actors in conflict-affected countries.
- IHL promotion through Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP)/EU training missions.
- Capacity-building funding for humanitarian actors:
 - Geneva Call training resources on engaging ANSAs, incl. on protection of healthcare (2018)
 - support collection or research that aim at the protection of humanitarian workers or of healthcare (2020 - evaluation of proposals ongoing)
- Support to ICRC Health Care in Danger (HCiD) initiative (Ukraine, Afghanistan, Myanmar)



Supporting operational standards in protection of health care





Facilitating healthcare in response to COVID-19 in humanitarian settings

- Supporting the health and wash sectors, including the provision of PPEs for health staff and humanitarian workers.
- Humanitarian Air Bridge





Thank you

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For more information:

http://ec.europa.eu/echo



European Commission - Humanitarian Aid & Civil Protection (ECHO)



EU humanitarian aid @eu_echo





Review of the state of ongoing concrete initiatives and ICRC strategy on the protection of health care

Maciej Polkowski, head of Health Care in Danger, ICRC

Eurasia regional HCiD meeting, 3 – 4 Feb 2021



Issue at the heart of Red Cross and Red Crescent mandate











VIOLENCE AGAINST HEALTH CARE MUST END MATTER OF LIFE & DEATH













VIOLENCE AGAINST HEALTH CARE MUST END



Healthcare in Afghanistan: 'Doctors are threatened at gunpoint, even by civilians'

Doctors, nurses and their families are routinely attacked, disrupting the delivery of medical care and putting the healthcare system in danger of collapse





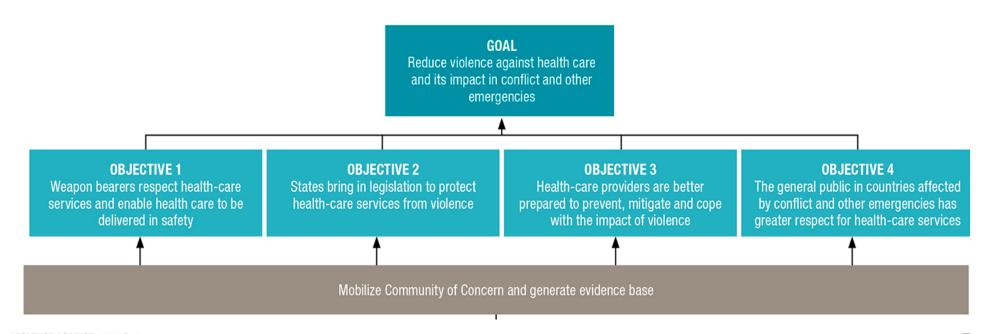


VIOLENCE AGAINST HEALTH CARE MUST END





HEALTH CARE IN DANGER – THEORY OF CHANGE











Working with weapon bearers





VIOLENCE AGAINST HEALTH CARE MUST END MA



Domestic legal frameworks



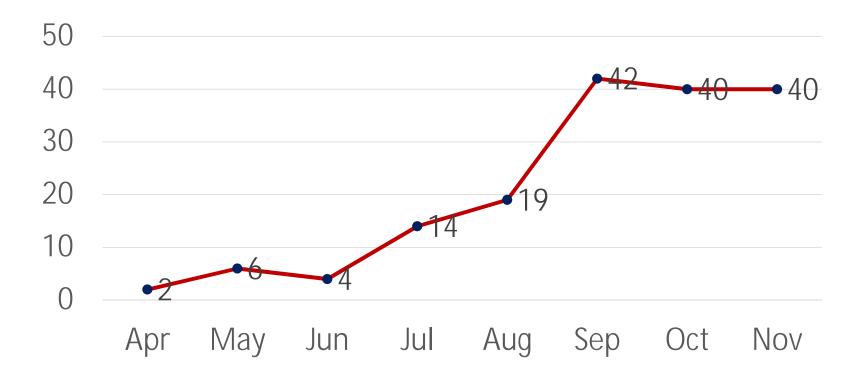




Preparedness and resilience



NUMBER OF GUNS SEIZED AT ED FROM APR - NOV, 2018







Changing behavior









Evidence base generation

- Purposes of data and research
- Prevention through context-specific analysis
- Measuring what works
- Partnership with national research institutes







Working together for change































International cooperation ICRC and peer-to-peer exchanges





- Commonalities across contexts
- Building solidarity
- Diplomats should work with health professionals
- Role of researchers
- Spotlight on health within pandemic





VIOLENCE AGAINST HEALTH CARE MUST END



Thank you!